Name:_____ Date:_____

1 The three major water problems are control, quality and distribution

- A True
- B False
- 2 Things that effect the usefulness of a resource include:
 - A religion
 - B custom
 - C technology
 - D all of the above

3 Most of our energy comes directly or indirectly from the sun

- A True
- B False
- 4 How large is the United States in land area?
 - A 2.6 acres
 - B 2.26 billion acres
 - C 2.26 gazillion acres
 - D None of these
- 5 Wildlife can be defined as domestic animals kept as pets and sold in pet stores.
 - A True
 - B False
- 6 The upper most layer of soil is called :
 - A sub soil
 - B parent material
 - C B horizon
 - D topsoil
- 7 A natural resource can be defined as anything that can be put to use by humans
 - A True
 - B False
- 8 What is the most widely distributed storehouse of the sun's energy?
 - A oil
 - B natural gas
 - C timber
 - D coal

- 9 What percentage of our land can be used to grow crops?
 - A 17%
 - B 27%
 - C 37%
 - D 47%
- 10 Animals which are extinct are:
 - A gone forever
 - B protected by laws
 - C bred in captivity to rebuild numbers of animals
 - D sold in pet stores
- 11 Four of the most commonly used minerals include:
 - A Zu, Zo, Ze, Zn
 - B Fe, Cu, Al, Mg
 - C Fe, Fu, Fo, Fn
 - D Fe, Cu, Co, Cb
- 12 Over 75% of our topsoil has been lost due to erosion.
 - A True
 - B False
- 13 A mature forest can be identified by the canopy of slow growing mature trees.
 - A True
 - B False
- 14 Coal was first discovered in America in:
 - A Iowa in 1492
 - B Massachusetts in 1776
 - C Virginia in 1860
 - D Illinois in 1673
- 15 Wildlife conservation programs must please the hunting and fishing public as well as the non hunting and fishing segment of the population.
 - A True
 - B False
- 16 How much water do we use each day?
 - A 300 gazillion gallons
 - B 300 thousand gallons
 - C 300 million gallons
 - D 300 billion gallons

- 17 A one time resource is one that can be used over and over again without being used up
 - A True
 - B False
- 18 Which of the following are examples of the assets of wildlife and fish resources?
 - A pleasure
 - B meat
 - C insect control
 - D revenue from hunting and fishing
 - E all of the above
- 19 Water that runs off across the soil is a problem because:
 - A it pollutes streams and rivers with fertilizers and chemicals
 - B it causes the loss of top soil through erosion
 - C both a and b
 - D none of the above
- 20 Each year American forests produce more wood or timber than is used.
 - A True
 - B False
- 21 What percent of the earth is covered with water?
 - A 65
 - B 70
 - C 75
 - D 80
- 22 Another name for the water cyle is:
 - A hydrologic
 - B hydroelectric
 - C hydrocycle
 - D hydrasphere
- 23 The water cycle is powered by:
 - A the phases of the moon
 - B the shifting of the earth's plates
 - C the energy from the sun
 - D the melting of the polar ice caps

- 24 Water that returns to the earth through the water cycle is called
 - A metamorphic water
 - B metamorphosis water
 - C meter water
 - D meteoric water
- 25 What would happen to the oceans of the world if the water was not replaced by the water cycle?
 - A levels would decrease by 30 inches per year
 - B levels would decrease by 40 inches per year
 - C levels would increase by 30 inches per year
 - D levels would increase by 40 inches per year
- 26 What percent of the total water supply is made up of rain water?
 - A 12
 - B 2
 - C 1
 - D 11
- 27 The three water zones include each of the following except:
 - A groundwater zone
 - B hygroscopic zone
 - C surface zone
 - D zone of aeration
- 28 The tiny hole in the underside of a leaf through which the plant breathes and gives off moisture is called a
 - A blastocyst
 - B guard cell
 - C stomate
 - D endosperm
- 29 How much water does the United States' population drink in a day?
 - A 90 million gallons
 - B 100 million gallons
 - C 110 million gallons
 - D 105 million gallons
- 30 Which of the following is not a function of water in the body?
 - A aids in digestion
 - B excretes wastes from the body
 - C cools the body
 - D pick this one!

- 31 Water that soaks into the ground is called:
 - A ground water
 - B soaked water
 - C meteoric water
 - D snow
- 32 Water is used in industry for:
 - A a medium
 - B canning
 - C cooking
 - D washing away wastes
 - E all of the above
- 33 The process where plants breathe or give off moisture into the air is known as
 - A evaporation
 - B transpiration
 - C perspiration
 - D aviation
- 34 Water from the ocean is not suitable for agricultural use
 - A True
 - B False
- 35 An aquifer is a large rock beneath the earth which is saturated with water
 - A True
 - B False
- 36 Providing water for cattle and other livestock is the primary use of water for agricultural purposes.
 - A True
 - B False
- 37 Lakes, rivers and streams would be considered surface water.
 - A True
 - B False
- 38 There are no recreational uses for water
 - A True
 - B False

- 39 Hydroelectric power may be detrimental to the habitat of certain wildlife because of damns and changes to breeding areas for certain types of fish
 - A True
 - B False
- 40 There are 540 cubic miles of water on the earth
 - A True
 - B False
- 41 Timber and veneer are the two most important uses of selected varieties of trees.
 - A True
 - B False
- 42 Which of the following is one of the fastest growing trees?
 - A Black Walnut
 - B Sugar Maple
 - C Eucalyptus
 - D Pineapple
- 43 When breeding "super trees", which things do we select for?
 - A fast growing
 - B tall
 - C straight
 - D healthy
 - E all of the above
- 44 Tree diseases and insects can be variety specific.
 - A True
 - B False
- 45 Trees are unable to develop immunity to diseases or insects.
 - A True
 - B False
- 46 Dutch Elm Disease is caused by
 - A bacteria
 - B fungus
 - C moths
 - D scillia

- 47 In what ways can Dutch Elm Disease be transmitted?
 - A by the European Bark Beetle
 - B by cross pollination of flowers
 - C by grafting/growing together of the roots of trees
 - D both a and b
 - E both a and c
- 48 White Pine Blister Rust can be controlled by destroying the alternate host.
 - A True
 - B False
- 49 Fire benefits which tree in helping to release the seeds from the cone
 - A Maple
 - B Oak
 - C Poplar
 - D Jack Pine
- 50 Which Nutrient is added to the soil by fire?
 - A Nitrogen
 - B Potassium
 - C Phosphorus
 - D Sulfur
- 51 A controlled burn is a fire that is set on purpose and carefully monitored and managed to only burn a specific part of the land.
 - A True
 - B False
- 52 Selective harvesting cuts every tree in a selected forest plot
 - A True
 - B False
- 53 Clear cutting cuts every tree in a selected forest plot
 - A True
 - B False
- 54 The Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act increased protected wilderness area in the United States.
 - A True
 - B False

- 55 The Wilderness Protection Act was passed by Congress in:
 - A 1964
 - B 1988
 - C 1999
 - D 2004
- 56 World population is :
 - A doubling every 2 years
 - B doubling every 5 years
 - C doubling every 7 years
 - D doubling every 10 years
- 57 The first three states to impose regulations on deer hunting were:
 - A Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa
 - B Rhode Island, Connecticut, Massachusetts
 - C Nebraska, Illinois, Montana
 - D Rhode Island, Virginia, West Virginia
- 58 The first fish and game commission was formed in 1865 in _____
 - A Michigan
 - B Maine
 - C Minnesota
 - D Massachusetts
- 59 People who hunted and sold the animals that they had killed were called:
 - A poachers
 - B market hunters
 - C really lucky
 - D game wardens
- 60 What congressional act made the interstate transport of illegal game a federal crime?
 - A Lacey Act
 - B Smith Hughes
 - C Morrill Act
 - D Public Law 81-740
- 61 What did the Migratory Bird Treaty Act do?
 - A protect small upland game birds such as pheasants and grouse
 - B protect migratory waterfowl such as ducks and geese
 - C protect migratory butterflies such as the Monarch
 - D protect the geese on Covel Lake in Sioux Falls

- 62 The book Game Management was published by:
 - A Aldo Leopold
 - B Bucky Needles
 - C Chef Boyardee
 - D Leonardo Di Caprio
- 63 How much revenue is earned annually from the sale of Duck Stamps?
 - A \$5 million
 - B \$7 million
 - C \$8 million
 - D \$6 million
- 64 The revenue from the Duck Stamp is used to:
 - A deplete waterfowl populations
 - B deplete waterfowl habitat
 - C protect waterfowl habitat
 - D protect and expand waterfowl populations and habitat
- 65 Which president was responsible for the development of the conservation districts?
 - A Theodore Roosevelt
 - B Eisenhower
 - C Franklin Roosevelt
 - D Thomas Jefferson
- 66 Gifford Pinchot was:
 - A the head of the USDA
 - B the head of the game fish and parks
 - C the head of the department of the interior
 - D the head of the USDA forestry department
- 67 Which president was responsible for expanding the national forest service?
 - A Gifford Pinchot
 - B Theodore Roosevelt
 - C Franklin Roosevelt
 - D George W. Bush
- 68 Which events expanded the country's need for timber resources?
 - A WWI
 - B WWII
 - C Vietnam Conflict
 - D Both A and B

- 69 When did water legislation begin to be concerned with water quality?
 - A 1960-70
 - B 1950-60
 - C 1970-80
 - D 1620-30
- 70 The early emphasis on water management legislation dealt with:
 - A hydroelectric power plants
 - B water quality
 - C transportation
 - D water balloon useage
- 71 What type of water problem affects the western states?
 - A too much water
 - B shallow wells
 - C lowered water tables
 - D massive swamp areas
- 72 What effect did WWII have on our timber resources?
 - A decreased demand
 - B increased demand
 - C endangered eucalyptus trees
 - D none
- 73 The USDA is the :United States
 - A Department of Aviation
 - B Department of the Interior
 - C Defensive Airlines
 - D Department of Agriculture
- 74 What was the Weeks Law of 1911?
 - A gave the president permission to purchase wetlands
 - B gave the senate rights to drill for oil
 - C gave the president rights to purchase land for watershed protection
 - D placed mandates on school lunch programs
- 75 Why is soil and water conservation a federal issue?
 - A because soil and water cross state lines
 - B it's not
 - C because the senate's role is soil conservation
 - D because Ty said so

76 Soil organic matter makes up _____ of the soil composition

- A 6-10%
- B 2-5%
- C 3-9%
- D 20-50%
- 77 Slope is expressed as the % rise over run (the amount of rise or fall in a 100 foot distance)
 - A True
 - B False
- 78 _____ are chemically uniform
 - A gases
 - B compounds
 - C minerals
- 79 There are 10 soil orders and they are broken down into
 - A classes
 - B kingdoms
 - C suborders
 - D Phylum
- 80 In land capability classification, class 1 is the most productive and
 - A Class 5 is the least productive
 - B Classes 6 and 7 are the least productive
 - C Class 4 is the least productive
 - D Class 8 is the least productive
- 81 Ideal soil should contain the same amount of pore spaces as it does solid material.
 - A True
 - B False
- 82 Coarse textured soils have _____ water holding ability
 - A poor
 - B moderate
 - C excellent
- 83 Soil can be only one texture
 - A True
 - B False

- 84 Parent material is found in the _____horizon
 - A A
 - B B
 - C C
- 85 Land capability classes 5 through 8 are the best suited for cultivation and growing of row crops.
 - A True
 - B False
- 86 Rocks and minerals are broken down into soil particles in several ways
 - A True
 - B False
- 87 Organic matter has only one purpose in the soil structure
 - A True
 - B False

88 ______ is organic matter that can be recognized as dead plants and animals

- A humus
- B original tissue
- C green manure
- 89 Soil drainage reflects the natural ability of soil to drain excess water out of the plant growing region
 - A True
 - B False
- 90 Loess deposits are :
 - A left behind by the glaciers
 - B deposited by streams flooding and receding
 - C wind blown silt
- 91 Water soluble minerals dissolve in water
 - A True
 - B False
- 92 The process of classifying soil is called soil surveying
 - A True
 - B False

- A True
- B False
- 94 There are many different types of parent material
 - A True
 - B False
- 95 Glaciers deposit large amounts of soil and rocks called glacial till
 - A True
 - B False
- 96 The FFA was founded in the year _____
 - A 1917
 - B 1925
 - C 1928
 - D 1938
- 97 Complete the FFA Motto: Learning to do, doing to learn, earning to live
 - A living to earn
 - B living to serve
 - C living to grow
 - D living to learn
- 98 The NFA was an organization for:
 - A students from the inner cities studying agriculture
 - B students of Native American descent studying agriculture
 - C students of African American descent stydying agriculture
 - D students from the western states studying agriculture
- 99 The official FFA colors are :
 - A royal blue and corn gold
 - B national blue and corn yellow
 - C navy blue and bright yellow
 - D national blue and corn gold

100 How many state associations are there?

- A 50
- B 52
- C 53
- D 55

- 101 The following congressional act gave the FFA a Federal Charter and was passed in 1950
 - A Carl Perkins
 - B Smith Hugo
 - C Public Law 81-740
 - D Smith Hughes

102 Who wrote the FFA Creed?

- A E.M. Tiffany
- B E.M. Timothy
- C E. F. Hutton
- D The Wizard of Oz

103 Who wrote the FFA Creed?

- A E.M. Tiffany
- B E.M. Timothy
- C Stacia's great great uncle E.M. Knuth
- D The Wizard of Oz

104 The NFA merged with the FFA in

- A 1928
- B 1968
- C 1969
- D 1965

105 Girls were admitted into FFA membership in

- A 1933
- B 1969
- C 1965
- D 1928

106 I believe in the _____ of agriculture, with a faith born......

- A future
- B promise
- C progress
- D industry

107 I believe in my own ability to ______ efficiently and think clearly

- A invest
- B work
- C create
- D explore

- A greenhand, chapter, state, national
- B greenhand, chapter, regional, American
- C rookie, chapter, state, American
- D greenhand, chapter, state, American
- 109 Who was considered the father or founder of the FFA?
 - A Henry Closegross
 - B Henry Groseclose
 - C Henry Ford
 - D Josiah Phelps
- 110 Who was the first female national office and in what year was she elected?
 - A Julie Hart, 1971
 - B Julie Frowny, 1976
 - C Kasey Peters, 2008
 - D Julie Smiley, 1976
- 111 Where is the National FFA Center located
 - A Alexandria, VA
 - B Indianapolis, IN
 - C Chicago, II
 - D Louisville, KY
- 112 In what city was the first National FFA Convention held?
 - A Indianapolis, IN
 - B Kansas City, MO
 - C Louisville, KY
 - D Alexandria, VA

113 Who was the first National FFA President and where was he from?

- A Leslie Applegate, NJ
- B Leslie Howard, GA
- C Leslie Kueter, SD
- D Leslie Locken, MN
- 114 The classroom/lab portion of the Agricultural Edcation program is where students will
 - A Practice in real life situations
 - B Work hands on to create an ag program and carry it out in the real world.
 - C Learn about agriculture
 - D Earn Money

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- 115 FFA Benefits include:
 - A Chances to become a leader.
 - B Chances to travel.
 - C Chances to choose a career
 - D All of the above
 - E Only A and B
- 116 How much money does the National FFA award in scholarships each year?
 - A \$500,000
 - B less than \$1,000,000
 - C More than \$4 billion
 - D about \$2 million
- 117 Which of the following is not part of FFA Official Dress?
 - A Official FFA Jacket
 - B White Shirt
 - C Dark Blue pants/skirt
 - D Black Shoes
- 118 The Official FFA Jacket is...
 - A A uniform to keep all FFA members in line.
 - B A powerful symbol of the organization
 - C Purple in color and not to be worn at state conventions
 - D just like a lettermens jacket.

119 A CDE is...

- A An event where FFA members go to learn more about leadership.
- B Career Development Event where FFA members come together to discuss official FFA business.
- C An event where FFA members sing to see who is the best.
- D Career Development Event where FFA members compete in a certain skill.
- 120 The back of a chapter FFA jacket should include only...
 - A Office, Emblem, and Chapter
 - B Emblem, State, and Chapter
 - C Chapter, State, and Office
 - D State, Emblem and Schools mascot
- 121 The three parts of Agricultural Education are...
 - A SAE, FFA, and Instruction
 - B CDE, FFA, and Classroom
 - C Instruction, Lab, and Fundraising
 - D Premier Leadership, Personal Growth, and Career Success

- 122 The founder of NFA was..
 - A H.O. Smith
 - B H.O. Sargent
 - C Henery Orville Sorenson
 - D E.M. Tiffany
- 123 In FFA, the pledge of alliegence is known as...
 - A FFA Motto
 - B FFA Salute
 - C FFA mission
 - D Ag Education model
- 124 Which of the following aids farmers and other citizens in planning and implementing conservation plans?
 - A Game Biologist
 - B Conservation Officer
 - C Fish and Game Technician
 - D Zoologist
- 125 Which of the following is a duty of a zoologist?
 - A Research
 - B hatching fish
 - C Keeping track of the number game in a given area
 - D Teaching college courses
- 126 Which of the following is NOT a recommended class for a high school student wanting to pursue a career in game management.
 - A natural resources
 - B physical education
 - C horticulture
 - D chemistry
- 127 Hatching new fish is a duty of a...
 - A fish and game technician
 - B zoologist
 - C game biologist
 - D fish culture technician
- 128 Working with predators and the economic loss of wildlife is the duty of who...
 - A Conservation Officer
 - B Game Biologist
 - C Fish and Game Technician
 - D Zoologist

- A Game Biologist
- B Conservation Officer
- C Fish and Game Technician
- D National Park Visitor Center
- 130 A person who works with problems caused by rodents and predators is a...
 - A Park Ranger
 - B Game Biologist
 - C Animal Control Biologist
 - D Fish Culture Technician
- 131 A management procedure used to keep track of what fish species are in a pond or lake is called...
 - A fish platform
 - B fish culture technician
 - C fish sampling
 - D articifial stocking
- 132 A conservation officer is responsible for pond construction, property boundary maintence, nesting structure construction, fish surveys, ect.
 - A True
 - B False
- 133 A game biologist must be able to use two-way radios, finger print kits, cameras, drug testing kits, firearms, and sporting equiptment.
 - A True
 - B False
- 134 What man defined game management "as the art of making land produce sustained annual crops of wild game for recreational use."
 - A Almo Larson
 - B Aldo Larson
 - C Alfred Leopold
 - D Aldo Leopold

135 In game management key roles are held by all of the following except?

- A habitats
- B city governments
- C populations
- D people

136 A habitat is...

- A A place or site an animal lives
- B A place an animal goes to get food and water but doesn't spend much time there.
- C A distance in which an animal travels and will defend until death
- D An area in which a species is found.
- 137 Which of the following is not included in a habitat?
 - A food
 - B shelter
 - C companion animals
 - D territory

138 If an animal that eats mostly insects was classified by the food it ate it would be a...

- A spermivore
- B omnivore
- C insectivore
- D herbivore

139 If an animal that ate only meat was classified by what it ate, it would be classified as...

- A herbivore
- B carnivore
- C spermivore
- D omnivore

140 An euryphagous is...

- A an animal that consumes only plants
- B an animal that consumes great varieties of food
- C an animal that consumes a very specialized diet
- D an animal that consumes only insects
- 141 Due to the type of diet consumed, the stenophagous has a better chance of survival.
 - A True
 - B False
- 142 In terms of a habitat, cover is defined as...
 - A an area where the animals eat
 - B an area where the aniamls spend alot of time
 - C an area that offers protection to an animal
 - D an area that offers plenty of food and water

143 Water comprises of what percent of a person or wildlifes body?

- A 40 to 50%
- B 70 to 90%
- C 60 to 80%
- D 10 to 20%
- 144 All of the following body functions are affected by water content except...
 - A body temperature
 - B drain wastes out of the body quicker
 - C blood composition
 - D nutrient transport

145 The area an animal will defend until death is a...

- A home range
- B climate
- C habitat
- D territory

146 Which of the following is NOT a game management procedure?

- A game refuges
- B territory
- C habitat development and improvement
- D artificial stocking
- 147 Refuges are not going to solve all problems but are a crucial portion of the total plan.
 - A True
 - B False
- 148 Habitat development and improvement is...
 - A taking a barren place and improving the landscape to house wildlife.
 - B adding predators to a development to keep the animals healthy
 - C preserving and improving an animal habitat
 - D setting aside land for the preservation of wildlife
- 149 A farmer leaving a couple of rows of corn to feed wildlife is an example of what type of game management procedure?
 - A habitat development and improvement
 - B game refuges
 - C predator control
 - D coordinating resources

- 150 Which of the following is NOT true about hunting?
 - A 1646, Rhode Island became the first state to establish a closed hunting season
 - B 1989, Maine passed a law banning the hunting of deer
 - C hunting has both negative and positive aspects
 - D many regulations have been made to coordinate with the changes in animal populations.
- 151 The idea of predator control follows closely with Darwins theory of "survival of the fittest"
 - A True
 - B False
- 152 What is the difference between population density and carrying capacity of an area?
 - A Pop density is the *#* of animals/area and carrying cap is the *#* the habitat can support.
 - B Carrying cap is the *#* of animals/area and Pop density is the *#* the habitat can support.
 - C Both A and B
 - D None of the above
- 153 The laws of game management ensure that who has ownership of the wildlife?
 - A land owners
 - B state
 - C national government
 - D Citizens of the US

154 The landowner does have certain property rights.

- A True
- B False

155 The endangered species act of 1966 gave who the authority for protecting species?

- A Convervation service
- B Wildlife Biologists
- C Fish and Wildlife Service
- D State Governments

156 Which act is a broader statement of the Lacey Act of 1900?

- A Migratory Bird Act of 1999
- B Migratory Bird Hunting Stamp of 1934
- C Lea Act of 1948
- D Endangered Species Act of 1966

- 157 Which of the following is a career that is NOT in the field of outdoor recreation?
 - A zoologist
 - B park ranger
 - C campground owner
 - D ski instructor

158 Which of the following is NOT a duty of a park ranger?

- A keep the park in good condition
- B teach citizens about keeping trash out of the road ditches
- C guide tours and set up displays
- D show the park visitors the value of the resources present in the park
- 159 One of the duties of a fish and wildlife guide is preventing vandalism to refuges.
 - A True
 - B False
- 160 Being a lifegard is one example of a outdoor recreation job with the government.
 - A True
 - B False
- 161 Planning, coordinating and developing recreational programs is the responsibility of whom?
 - A private business owners
 - B park ranger
 - C recreationist
 - D fish and wildlife guide
- 162 Which of the following is not a requirement for someone wanting to be a recreationsit?
 - A able to motivate people and be sensitive to her needs
 - B good health and physical stamina
 - C willing to accept and carry otu responsibility
 - D able to run four miles with out stopping
- 163 Which of the following is NOT an example of a private business in outdoor recreation?
 - A own a craft shop
 - B own a youth camp
 - C be a ski area developer
 - D be a dude ranch operator

164 Jobs are rarely available at all educational levels in outdoor recreation.

- A True
- B False

- 165 With a college education and 10 years experience one in the field of outdoor recreation could expect to make how much money?
 - A \$39,000
 - B \$25,000
 - C \$47,000
 - D \$98,000
- 166 Private business income varies with the different types of business operations.
 - A True
 - B False
- 167 In a discussion, someone is always right.
 - A True
 - B False
- 168 Which of the following is a way in which a house is like a habitat?
 - A has actual plumbing
 - B actually provides food
 - C provides shelter
 - D they have nothing in common at all
- 169 Predator control ensures all of the following except...
 - A predators feed on what we consider pests
 - B keeps the animal healthy
 - C that less animals get killed on the road
 - D Control's the population
- 170 What is another name for a game warden?
 - A park ranger
 - B game biologist
 - C sheriff
 - D conservation officer
- 171 A park ranger must posses knowledge of state laws.
 - A True
 - B False
- 172 What do the letter NPS stand for?
 - A National People for Species
 - B National Principles for States
 - C Normal Pulse Steps
 - D National Park Service

173 Frugivores eat fruits.

- A True
- B False
- 174 Why did the pioneers kill so many hawks?
 - A because they thought the hawks were killing their poultry
 - B because they thought the hawks were stealing their clothes from the clothes line
 - C because they thought the hawks were killing mice and rats
 - D because they thought the hawks were political figures

175 How many fish are on the endangered species list?

- A 2
- B 8
- C 23
- D 25

176 In what region of the country have Mountain Lions been eliminated?

- A South West
- B North
- C South East
- D East
- 177 Which of the following is NOT extinct?
 - A Passenger Pigeon
 - B Carolina Parakeet
 - C Labrador Duck
 - D Bald Eagle

178 What is the fine for tampering with the nest of a Bald Eagle?

- A \$50.00
- B \$500.00
- C \$5000.00
- D \$50,000.00

179 Two congressional acts were adopted to protect wildlife, they were passed in what years?

- A 1969, 1970
- B 1969, 1971
- C 1966, 1969
- D none of these

180 How many animals were on the 1970 endangered species list?

- A 115
- B 123
- C 133
- D 138
- 181 How often is the endangered species list updated?
 - A 3 years
 - B 5 years
 - C 7 years
 - D 10 years

182 A resource that once used, can not regenerate is known as a ______ resource.

- A renewable
- B reliable
- C non renewable
- D non reliable

183 How many birds are on the endangered species list?

- A 124
- B 120
- C 115
- D 114

184 Plants or animals, of which none exist outside of museums or photographs are called:

- A endangered
- B extinct
- C renewable
- D non renewable

185 With regard to wolves, bounties are allowed when the wolf population endangers the.....

- A chicken population
- B duck population
- C antelope population
- D deer population

186 Wildlife can be defined as living things neither human or domestic, both plant and animal

- A True
- B False

- 187 Lower forms of life are important when looking at the management of wildlife because_____
 - A They provide new names for students to learn
 - B They provide necessary links in the food chain
 - C They are not important to wildlife management
- 188 Which of the following is not an endangered mammal
 - A Polar Bear
 - B Big Horn Sheep
 - C Key Deer
 - D Prairie Dog
- 189 A Bald Eagle could live up to _____ years.
 - A 50
 - B 100
 - C 87
 - D 13

190 At present, there are approximately _____ Whooping Cranes in the US

- A 51
- B 188
- C 209
- D 99

191 The picture below is a _____



- A Carolina Parakeet
- B Lynx
- C Tom Schartz
- D Mountain Lion

192 The first large scale use of nuclear power occurred during

- A WWI
- B Korean War
- C Viet Nam Conflict
- D WWII

- A fusion and fishing
- B fission and fusion
- C fusion and meiosis
- D mieosis and mitosis
- 194 The atom was split for the first time during the _____
 - A 1930's
 - B 1940's
 - C 1950's
 - D 1960's
- 195 Nuclear fission creates energy by
 - A joining atoms
 - B splitting atoms
 - C feeding students beans during school lunch
 - D sunlight reflecting off of atoms
- 196 How much heat and energy is released from uranium fuels as from an equivalent amount of coal?
 - A 10,000 times as much
 - B 15,000 times as much
 - C 18,000 times as much
 - D 20,000 times as much
- 197 What is a LWR?
 - A Light Weight Reactor
 - B Light Water Reservoir
 - C Low Water Reactor
 - D Light Water Reactor
- 198 Why are breeder reactors called breeder reactors?
 - A they produce more water than they consume
 - B they consume more energy than they produce
 - C they produce more energy than they consume
 - D they produce less energy than they consume
- 199 Where is Three Mile Island?
 - A New Jersey
 - B Pennsylvania
 - C Connecticut
 - D Massachusetts

200 What are the odds of an American dying from a nuclear power accident

- A 300 to 1
- B 300,000 to 1
- C 3,000,000 to 1
- D 300,000,000 to 1
- 201 America used to rely on imports of uranium from what countries?
 - A South Africa and Canada
 - B Canada and South Korea
 - C Canada and South Dakota
 - D Japan and Russia

202 Nuclear fusion creates energy by

- A splitting atoms
- B combining together of atoms
- C water evaporation
- D acid base reactions
- 203 Fusion reactors could be fueled by_____
 - A deuterium
 - B molybdenum
 - C calcium
 - D boron

204 In 1980 what percent of electrical power was produced by nuclear plants

- A 0%
- B 11%
- C 10%
- D 29%

205 How many types of breeder reactors are there?

- A 4
- Β 6
- C 8
- D 2
- 206 The two major mineral sources for nuclear power are Uranium 238 and Thorium 232, from these ______ can be made
 - A Uranium 235 and Plutonium 239
 - B Uranium 238 and Plutonium 232
 - C Plutonium 240 and Thorium 239
 - D Krypton 12 and Chromium 28

207 In 1981 the United states ranked _____ in the mining of Uranium.

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 40

208 What is an isotope of hydrogen found abundant in sea water.

- A deuteronomy
- B deuterium
- C hydrogen
- D molybdenum
- 209 The two types of breeder reactors are
 - A gas cooled and liquid nitrogen
 - B liguid metal and gas heated
 - C liguid metal and helium gas
 - D gas cooled and liquid metal
- 210 The first atomic bomb was dropped on a large city in Japan, where was the second one dropped?
 - A Korea
 - B Japan
 - C Germany
 - D in the desert in New Mexico
- 211 The primary problem with fusion reactors is that they.....
 - A are difficult to control
 - B require rare fuel sources
 - C are inefficient energy producers
 - D require salt water for operation
- 212 The lithosphere is the solid rocky crust of the Earth
 - A True
 - B False

213 The three types of rocks include igneous, metamorphic and _____

- A Limestone
- B Sandstone
- C Jared's head :)
- D sedimentary

214 How many pesticides have been found in ground water?

- A 46
- B 48
- C 50
- D 12

215 What is the EPA?

- A A top secret office in "Area 51"
- B Environmental Protection Agency
- C A celebration of the last day of school
- D Environmental Purpose Association

216 What is the most important soil particle for binding chemicals in the soil

- A pore spaces
- B sand
- C organic matter
- D silt

217 Which plant fertilizer ions are not bonded to the soil?

- A Phosphorous
- B Nitrogen
- C Sulfur
- D Potassium
- 218 What is the largest aquifer in the United States?
 - A Skunk Creek Water Basin
 - B James River Basin
 - C Mississippi Missouri
 - D Ogallala

219 Water that occurs beneath the surface of the earth is known as

- A water table
- B ground water
- C earth water
- D hygroscopic water

220 How many people die each year from pesticide poisoning?

- A 500,000
- B only freshmen
- C 5,000,000
- D 333,333

- 221 Most pesticides are _____
 - A organic phosphates
 - B nitrogenous bases
 - C acidic alkalines
 - D synthetic organic

222 Ethylene dibromide is an example of an ag chemical that _____

- A is retained by the soil
- B volitilizes
- C decomposes in the soil
- D is transported by water
- 223 The source for most nitrates in the ground water is
 - A animal manure
 - B human sewage
 - C fertilizer
 - D agricultural chemicals
- 224 Methomoglobinemia is an anemia where the blood carries
 - A Oxygen
 - B Carbon
 - C Hydrogen
 - D Nitrogen
- 225 What is the primary way that pesticides are carried in the soil
 - A water percolation down
 - B volitilization
 - C attachment to sand molecules
 - D not this one
- 226 Igneous rock is formed by
 - A deposits of soil particles by water
 - B deposits of soil particles by wind
 - C high heat and pressure
 - D cooled molten rock
- 227 What is the EPA standard for Nitrates in drinking water
 - A 1 mg/l
 - B 10 mg/l
 - C 100 mg/l
 - D I have no clue!

- 228 An overdraft occurs when (think water)
 - A less water is removed than is replaced by rain
 - B more rain falls than water is removed from the ground
 - C more water is removed than is replaced by rain
 - D more money is withdrawn from your account than you have
- 229 Methods of avoiding pesticides in drinking water
 - A UV filtration
 - B Distilling
 - C Activated Carbon Filtration
 - D All of the above
- 230 Many pesticides are broken down rapidly by_____
 - A water
 - B sunlight
 - C soil acidity
 - D soil alkalinity
- 231 In 1999 the world's population surpassed:
 - A 6 million
 - B 6 billion
 - C 6.6 billion
 - D 3 billion

232 Using a resource for more than one purpose is known as:

- A renewable
- B single use
- C multiple use
- D non-renewable

233 The National Park Service was established in_____

- A 1926
- B 1916
- C 1812
- D 1860

234 In 1970, about ______ acres were included in the National Park Service

- A 30 million
- B 30 billion
- C 30
- D 30 thousand

235 The study of distribution and residents of the world's biome is _____

- A biomeology
- B biology
- C botany
- D biogeography

236 _____ break down organic materials into their original elements for reuse in the ecosystem

- A producers
- B heterotrophs
- C decomposers
- D predators
- 237 _____ is the process where plants and animals use energy, and oxygen to maintain their system
 - A transpiration
 - B respiration
 - C photosynthesis
 - D dialysis

238 All living things are a part of a foodweb or food chain

- A True
- B False

239 A carnivore eats

- A herbivores
- B meat
- C animals that eat plants
- D all of the above

240 In 6000 B.C. the human population was estimated to be _____

- A 10
- B 10 million
- C 10 billion
- D 10 thousand

241 The population was projected to be 300 million at time _____

- A of Christ's birth
- B when Homer Simpson was created
- C of the Civil War
- D when the teletubbies became popular

- 242 Natural Resources that can last forever regardless of human activities are called:
 - A exhaustible
 - B non renewable
 - C non exhaustible
 - D fossil fuels
- 243 Conservation is defined as the use of a resource in such a way to minimize waste and maintain the resources condition
 - A True
 - B False
- 244 Preservation is defined as an attempt to prevent the use of a resource
 - A True
 - B False
- 245 A major land area characterized by dominant plant life forms such as tundra and grasslands
 - A biome
 - B biogeography
 - C ecosystem
 - D carrying capacity
- 246 The number of wildlife an area can support with food, shelter, and water; or the ability of a given area to provide food water and shelter for the population of a given animal
 - A biome
 - B ecosystem
 - C biogeography
 - D carrying capacity
- 247 A complete ecosystem must include all of the following
 - A producers, heterotrophs, consumers
 - B producers, decomposers, autotrophs
 - C autotrophs, heterotrophs, decomposers
 - D producers, decomposers, transformers
- 248 A group of organisms that depend on each other for food in a given ecosystem.
 - A Ecosystem
 - B Food Web
 - C Biome
 - D Food System

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- 249 A branch of science dealing with the complex relationships among living things in their environment
 - A Biology
 - B Ecology
 - C Botony
 - D Zoology
- 250 An organism that breaks down other organisms into their organic compounds such as fungi and bacteria
 - A Transformer
 - B Decomposer
 - C Humus
 - D Organic Matter

251 There are _____ types of parliamentary motions

- A 3
- B 2
- C 5
- D 4

252 The types of motions include Privileged, Incidental,

- A Main
- B Other
- C Subsidiary
- D all of the above

253 Three taps of the gavel signals members to

- A sit
- B stand
- C be dismissed
- D speak

254 To properly put an item of business on the floor, a member should say

- A I make a motion that.....
- B I am in favor of.....
- C I say that we.....
- D I move that.....
- 255 Each motion has four characteristics, they include whether the motion requires a second, is amendable, type of vote and
 - A debatable
 - B can it be reconsidered
 - C the order of precedence
 - D time frame

256 The motion to take from the table must happen by when

- A after one item of business
- B before the end of the same meeting
- C before the end of the next meeting
- D before twelve months have elapsed
- 257 How many times can you amend a motion?
 - A once
 - B twice
 - C three times
 - D it cannot be amended

258 There are _____ ways to amend a motion

- A four
- B three
- C two
- D one

259 What is the purpose of the motion to adjourn?

- A delay action
- B change the intent of a motion
- C end debate on a motion
- D close a meeting

260 What is the purpose of the motion previous question

- A close a meeting
- B change the intent of a motion
- C end debate on a motion
- D change the method of voting
- 261 When would the motion point of order be used
 - A When Ty talks without gaining recognition
 - B When Jason interrupts the speaker
 - C When the wrong characteristics are stated for a motion
 - D all of the above
- 262 The purpose of Parliamentary Procedure is
 - A protect the rights of the minority
 - B hear all opinions
 - C ensure the rights of the majority
 - D all of the above

- 263 The motions previous question, limit debate and, object to the consideration of a question require
 - A a majority vote
 - B a 2/3 vote
 - C popcorn and mountain dew
 - D none of these
- 264 The presiding officer is addressed as:
 - A Mr.. Chairman
 - B Madame Chairman
 - C Hey You!
 - D Both A and B
- 265 If a motion that requires a second does not receive one......
 - A the motion continues for discussion by members
 - B the motion dies for lack of a second
 - C can only be amended once
 - D is not debatable
- 266 A quorum is the number of people who
 - A must be present to lay a motion on the table
 - B must be present to conduct business
 - C must be present for items to be referred to committees
 - D must be absent to conduct business

Answer Key : Natural Resources Test Bank

Question:	Answer	
1	А	
2	D	
3	А	
4	В	
5	В	
6	D	
7	А	
8 9	D	
9	А	
10	А	
11	В	
12	В	
13	А	
14	D	
15	А	
16	D	
17	В	
18	E	
19	С	
20	А	
21	В	
22	А	
23	C	
24	D	
25	В	
26	C B	
27	В	
28	C	
29	В	
30 31	D A	
32	E	
32	B	
34	A	
34 35	A	
36	B	
37	A	
38	B	
39	A	
40	B	
40	A	
42	<u> </u>	
43	C	
44	A	

	-
45	В
46	В
47	E
48	A
49	D
50	В
51	A
52	В
53	A
54	A
55	A
56	D
57	В
58	D
59	В
60	A
61	В
62	A
63	D
64	D
65	С
66	D
67	В
68	D
69	A
70	С
71	C
72	В
73	D
74	С
75	A
76	В
77	A
78	С
79	C
80	D
81	A
82	A
83	В
84	C
85	B
86	A
87	В
88	В
89	A
90	C
91	A
92	A
93	A
94	A
95	A

0/	
96	C
97	B
98	C
99	D
100	B
101	C
102	A
103	A
104	D
105	B
106	A
107	B
108	D
109	В
110	D
111	В
112	В
113	A
114	C
115	D
116	D
117	С
118	В
119	D
120	В
121	A
122	В
123	В
124	В
125	A
126	C
127	D
128	C
129	A
130	C
131	C
132	В
133	В
134	D
135	В
136	A
137	С
138	C
139	В
140	В
141	В
142	С
143	С
144	В
145	D
146	В

147	A
148	С
149	A
150	В
151	A
152	A
153	В
154	A
155	C
156	A
157	A
158	В
159	A
160	A
161	C
162	D
163	A
164	B
165	C
166	A
167	B
168	C
169	C
170	D
171	B
172	D
173	A
173	A
175	D
176	D
177	D
178	B
179	C
180	C
181	B
182	B C
183	A
184	B
185	D
186 187	A B
187	D
189	B
190 191	B D
191	
	D
193 194	B
	B
195	B
196	D
197	D

198	C
199	В
200	D
201	A
202	В
203	A
204	В
205	D
206	A
207	A
208	В
209	D
210	B
211	A
212	A
213	D
214	A
215	B
216	C
217	
	B
218	D
219	B
220	A
221	D
222	В
223	C
224	D
225	A
226	D
227	В
228	C
229	D
230	В
231	В
232	С
233	В
234	A
235	D
236	С
237	В
238	Ā
239	D
240	B
241	A
242	C
243	A
244	A
244 245	A
246	A D
240 247	D
	B
248	D

249	В	
250	В	
251	С	
252	D	
253	В	
254	D	
255	А	
256	С	
257	В	
258	В	
259	D	
260	С	
261	D	
262	D	
263	В	
264	D	
265	В	
266	В	

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